

Guerra DAfrica Land Grabbing

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Layers of Time - Paul B. Henze 2000

LC copy signed by author: "To: Tom Kane -- good friend and always helpful critic who has contributed a good deal to this book -- Paul B. Henze 29 August 2000."

Italian Colonialism and Resistances to Empire, 1930-1970 - Neelam Srivastava 2018-02-01

This book provides an innovative cultural history of Italian colonialism and its impact on twentieth-century ideas of empire and anti-colonialism. In October 1935, Mussolini's army attacked Ethiopia, defying the League of Nations and other European imperial powers. The book explores the widespread political and literary responses to the invasion, highlighting how Pan-Africanism drew its sustenance from opposition to Italy's late empire-building, and reading the work of George Padmore, Claude McKay, and CLR James alongside the feminist and socialist anti-colonial campaigner Sylvia Pankhurst's broadsheet, *New Times and Ethiopia News*. Extending into the postwar period, the book examines the fertile connections between anti-colonialism and anti-fascism in Italian literature and art, tracing the emergence of a "resistance aesthetics" in works such as *The Battle of Algiers* and Giovanni Pirelli's harrowing books of testimony about Algeria's war of independence, both inspired by Frantz Fanon. This book will interest readers passionate about postcolonial studies, the history of Italian imperialism, Pan-Africanism, print cultures, and Italian postwar culture.

The Great Food Robbery - Genetic Resources Action International 2012-05-17

Arguing that corporations are mainly responsible for the expansion of the damaging industrial food system, this discussion focuses on these organizations and the ways they organize and control food production and distribution. Demonstrating how the corporate food system destroys those systems based on local markets, local cultures, and biodiversity, this account highlights how it puts the profits of the few before the needs of people and leads to massive food safety incidents, environmental destruction, labor exploitation, and the decimation of rural communities. Informative and direct, this book aims to inspire individuals to actively take the food system back from corporations and put it in the hands of people.

Land grabbing. Come il mercato delle terre crea il nuovo colonialismo - Stefano Liberti 2011-07-19

Stefano Liberti, giornalista vincitore nel 2010 del prestigioso premio Indro Montanelli torna in libreria dopo A sud di Lampedusa con il primo reportage al mondo sull'allarmante e dilagante fenomeno del land grabbing. A partire dalla crisi alimentare e finanziaria del 2007, paesi come l'Arabia Saudita, gli Emirati Arabi, la Libia, la Corea del Sud, che dispongono di grandi risorse economiche ma non di spazi sufficienti per garantire la sicurezza alimentare ai propri abitanti, hanno cominciato a negoziare l'acquisto e l'affitto di enormi quantità di terra nelle nazioni africane o sudamericane; lo stesso stanno facendo le grandi multinazionali dell'agrobusiness - interessate a creare sterminate piantagioni per la produzione di biocarburanti - nonché una serie di società finanziarie, che hanno compreso che l'investimento in terra può garantire ricavi sempre più alti e sicuri. Questa corsa all'accaparramento delle terre, detta land grabbing, nasconde però una forma insidiosa di sfruttamento e rischia di instaurare un nuovo colonialismo. Viaggiando fra le valli dell'Etiopia, le foreste dell'Amazzonia, la borsa di Chicago, le convention finanziarie a Ginevra, gli uffici della FAO, Liberti porta per la prima volta alla luce in ogni sua componente questo fenomeno complesso, e ci spiega come i legami fra politica internazionale e mercato globalizzato stiano cambiando il volto del mondo in cui viviamo.

The Great African Land Grab? - Lorenzo Cotula 2013-07-11

Over the past few years, large-scale land acquisitions in Africa have stoked controversy, making headlines in media reports across the world. Land that only a short time ago seemed of little outside interest is now being sought by international investors to the tune of hundreds of thousands of hectares. Private-sector expectations of higher world food

and commodity prices and government concerns about longer-term national food and energy security have both made land a more attractive asset. Dubbed 'land grabs' in the media, large-scale land acquisitions have become one of the most talked about and contentious topics amongst those studying, working in or writing about Africa. Some commentators have welcomed this trend as a bearer of new livelihood opportunities. Others have countered by pointing to negative social impacts, including loss of local land rights, threats to local food security and the risk that large-scale investments may marginalize family farming. Lorenzo Cotula, a leading expert in the field, casts a critical eye over the most reliable evidence on this hotly contested topic, examining the implications of land deals in Africa both for its people and for world agriculture and food security.

General Catalogue of Printed Books - British Museum. Department of Printed Books 1965

The Third World Security Predicament - Mohammed Ayoob 1995

Subsequent chapters analyze the dynamics of interstate conflict in the Third World, the role of Third World countries in the international system, and, especially, the critical impact of the end of the Cold War on the Third World security problematic. Ayoob concludes with a set of explanations intended to help students, scholars, and policymakers decipher the continuing profusion of conflicts in the Third World and the trends and problems that will likely dominate well into the twenty-first century.

The Boundaries of Europe - Pietro Rossi 2015-04-24

Europe's boundaries have mainly been shaped by cultural, religious, and political conceptions rather than by geography. This volume of bilingual essays from renowned European scholars outlines the transformation of Europe's boundaries from the fall of the ancient world to the age of decolonization, or the end of the explicit endeavor to "Europeanize" the world. From the decline of the Roman Empire to the polycentrism of today's world, the essays span such aspects as the confrontation of Christian Europe with Islam and the changing role of the Mediterranean from "mare nostrum" to a frontier between nations. Scandinavia, eastern Europe and the Atlantic are also analyzed as boundaries in the context of exploration, migratory movements, cultural exchanges, and war. *The Boundaries of Europe*, edited by Pietro Rossi, is the first installment in the ALLEA book series *Discourses on Intellectual Europe*, which seeks to explore the question of an intrinsic or quintessential European identity in light of the rising skepticism towards Europe as an integrated cultural and intellectual region.

Quale società globale oggi? - Carla Casiroli 2019-05-31

Dopo la globalizzazione dei capitali, delle merci e delle immagini, non dovrebbe essere giunta l'era della globalizzazione dell'umanità? Il drammatico e attualissimo interrogativo di Bauman, che più volte risuona tra le pagine di questo libro, stimola un'ampia riflessione sulle dinamiche socio-economiche e culturali del nostro tempo. "La grande tragedia dell'oggi" scrive l'autrice, "è proprio la mancanza, soprattutto da parte di chi ha in mano le redini del potere globale, della volontà/capacità di analizzare in modo critico le questioni mettendole in relazione tra di loro, individuandone i nessi così da iniziare - sottolineo 'iniziare' - un lavoro di ricucitura, di 'integrazione globale' come dice e scrive Papa Francesco". Con il prezioso contributo intellettuale di illustri economisti, politologi e sociologi, il saggio di Carla Casiroli con estrema chiarezza descrive la realtà in cui viviamo, come vi siamo giunti, quali strade sono state percorse e quali si aprono davanti a noi, sollecitando tutti a prendere parte attiva nella costruzione di una società riconciliata e integrata. Carla Casiroli è nata nel 1934 a Lecco. Laureata in Lettere Moderne, ha svolto la professione di insegnante di materie letterarie. Da sempre interessata alle problematiche sociali e artistiche (cinema, televisione), dagli anni '90 si impegna in attività di solidarietà presso Associazioni ed Enti di volontariato. Iscritta all'A.I.A.R.T. (Associazione italiana radiotelespettatori), ha composto per la rivista nazionale

dell'associazione diversi articoli di analisi di opere cinematografiche. Ha collaborato con il "Circolo LA PIRA" di Lecco, scrivendo articoli di carattere socio-politico, economico e ambientale sul "Foglio", organo di divulgazione del circolo stesso. Nel 2004 ha pubblicato per le edizioni "Maremmi" - MEF - di Firenze il volume L'ABC dell'Islam, ieri e oggi. Dal 2000 è volontaria dello "Sportello Scuola e Volontariato di Lecco" gestito dal C.I.F. (Centro italiano femminile) di Lecco.

Eritrea and Ethiopia - Tekeste Negash 2019-09-30

The Ethiopian-Eritrean federation, a product of a United Nations resolution, came into existence in 1952 and was abolished ten years later. The primary objective of this book is to examine the rise and the fall of the federation in the night of present-day realities. This central theme is placed in context by a reconstruction of Eritrean political organizations during the crucial postwar years. The work includes a short account of the war between Eritrean nationalist forces and the Ethiopian government, which led up to the emergence of Eritrea as a sovereign state. Based primarily on archival sources at the Public Record Office in London, Eritrea and Ethiopia argues that no other group in the region has repeatedly succeeded in shaping its political destiny as the Tigreans of Eritrea have. Negash maintains that the federation was abolished by Eritrean social and political forces rather than by Ethiopia. The UN-imposed federation, together with its accompanying constitution, were doomed to fail, as these were foreign to Eritrean and Ethiopian conceptions of political power. The attempts of the Eritrean Moslem League to defend and maintain the federation were frustrated by internal contradictions, by the Unionist party, and by misconstrued perceptions of the division of powers between Eritrea and Ethiopia. The author looks closely at the impact of the British period on Eritrean society. Such an examination provides a better understanding of the background to the conflict and it is an important part of Eritrean political and social history. This book is the story of the slow but steady dissolution of the federation as seen and observed by the British diplomatic corps. Between 1952 and 1962, there were about thirty British nationals assigned to the Eritrean government. These expatriates kept in touch with the British consulate-general whose responsibility was to protect the interests of British nationals as well as to report developments to London. The conclusions and interpretations found in this book are, to a great extent, based on that documentation. Eritrea and Ethiopia is the first study of its kind to follow the rise and fall of the federation. It will be a challenging and insightful read for students of African affairs, diplomatic historians, policy studies scholars, and political theorists.

Guerra all'acqua - AA.VV. 2017-05-10

L'accesso all'acqua potabile è una delle sfide globali. Le risorse idriche a disposizione sulla Terra consentirebbero una vita dignitosa all'intero pianeta, eppure il numero delle vittime dell'acqua aumenta anno dopo anno e molte zone del pianeta sono ormai aride. La situazione è grave non solo nei paesi più sottosviluppati, ma anche in quelli industrializzati: spesso il consumo di acqua potabile per usi agricoli, per l'allevamento o per l'industria e per la produzione di energia elettrica priva le persone dell'acqua per vivere. Così per l'acqua si muore o si emigra: a volte perché non ce n'è abbastanza, altre perché non è potabile o è contaminata; ogni giorno muoiono per questo motivo da 700 a 1500 bambini e in alcuni casi per il diritto all'acqua si combattono guerre decennali e si fugge dal proprio paese. In queste pagine - a partire da fenomeni come la desertificazione, El Niño e la distruzione delle foreste - si prendono in considerazione diversi casi esemplari nei cinque continenti ponendo le basi per studiare strategie più efficaci.

Africa - Donatella Strangio 2018-04-04

L'Africa è il filo conduttore di questi saggi che vogliono essere anche un tributo oltre che un segnale tangibile della testimonianza degli studi di Calchi Novati, al quale il volume è dedicato. Il volume è diviso in diverse parti (che riguardano la metodologia, il colonialismo, gli aspetti storico e socio-economici e il fenomeno delle migrazioni) proprio a sottolineare la ricchezza delle prospettive che offre lo studio dell'Africa che, se da una parte potrebbero rappresentare un puzzle di temi diversi dall'altra offre complessità, varietà e approfondimenti nell'affrontarne la lettura. A questo riguardo sono stati coinvolti studiosi di diverse discipline, storici, storici-economici, antropologi, demografi i cui lavori hanno come oggetto l'Africa italiana (Libia, Eritrea, Somalia e in parte Etiopia) ma non solo (Algeria, Tunisia, Kenya) in considerazione del fatto che l'Africa oggi è il prodotto di come questa area del mondo è entrata nel contesto internazionale, attraverso il colonialismo e, dopo, attraverso il processo di decolonizzazione. L'interdisciplinarietà è probabilmente il metodo migliore per conoscere la complessità dell'Africa; sono diversi e complessi gli aspetti che si sono stratificati nel corso del tempo e quindi

si ritiene utile affrontarne lo studio attraverso questo approccio.

Empires at War - Robert Gerwarth 2014-07-03

Empires at War, 1911-1923 offers a new perspective on the history of the Great War. It expands the story of the war both in time and space to include the violent conflicts that preceded and followed the First World War, from the 1911 Italian invasion of Libya to the massive violence that followed the collapse of the Ottoman, Russian, and Austrian empires until 1923. It also presents the war as a global war of empires rather than a European war between nation-states. This volume tells the story of the millions of imperial subjects called upon to defend their imperial governments' interest, the theatres of war that lay far beyond Europe, and the wartime roles and experiences of innumerable peoples from outside the European continent. Empires at War covers the broad, global mobilizations that saw African soldiers and Chinese labourers in the trenches of the Western Front, Indian troops in Jerusalem, and the Japanese military occupying Chinese territory. Finally, the volume shows how the war set the stage for the collapse not only of specific empires, but of the imperial world order writ large.

Land Grab Or Development Opportunity? - Lorenzo Cotula 2009

Brazilian Bodies and Their Choreographies of Identification -

Cristina F. Rosa 2015-08-26

Brazilian Bodies, and their Choreographies of Identification retraces the presence of a particular way of swaying the body that, in Brazil, is commonly known as *ginga*. Cristina Rosa its presence across distinct and specific realms: *samba-de-roda* (samba-in-a-circle) dances, *capoeira* *angola* games, and the repertoire of *Grupo Corpo*.

Land Grabbing and Global Governance - Matias E. Margulis

2016-05-23

Land grabbing per se is not a new phenomenon, given its historical precedents in the eras of imperialism. However, the character, scale, pace, orientation and key drivers of the recent wave of land grabs is a distinct historical event closely tied to the changing dynamics of the global agri-food, feed and fuel complex. Land grabbing is facilitated by ever greater flows of capital, goods, and ideas across borders, and these flows occur through axes of power that are far more polycentric than the North-South imperialist tradition. Land grabs occur in the context of changes in the character of the global food regime, formerly anchored by North Atlantic empires; the integrated food-energy complex seems to be headed towards multiple centres of power, especially with the rise of the BRICS and the proliferation of middle income countries participating in many of the land transactions. Land Grabbing and Global Governance offers insights from leading scholars and experts on contemporary land grabs. This volume examines land grabs in direct relation to a global economy undergoing profound change and the role of new configurations of actors and power in governance institutions and practices. This book was published as a special issue of *Globalizations*.

Discourse on the State of the Jews - Simone Luzzatto 2019-07-08

In 1638, a small book of no more than 92 pages in octavo was published "appresso Gioanne Calleoni" under the title "Discourse on the State of the Jews and in particular those dwelling in the illustrious city of Venice." It was dedicated to the Doge of Venice and his counsellors, who are labelled "lovers of Truth." The author of the book was a certain Simone (Simḥa) Luzzatto, a native of Venice, where he lived and died, serving as rabbi for over fifty years during the course of the seventeenth century. Luzzatto's political thesis is simple and, at the same time, temerarious, if not revolutionary: Venice can put an end to its political decline, he argues, by offering the Jews a monopoly on overseas commercial activity. This plan is highly recommendable because the Jews are "wellsuited for trade," much more so than others (such as "foreigners," for example). The rabbi opens his argument by recalling that trade and usury are the only occupations permitted to Jews. Within the confines of their historical situation, the Venetian Jews became particularly skilled at trade with partners from the Eastern Mediterranean countries. Luzzatto's argument is that this talent could be put at the service of the Venetian government in order to maintain - or, more accurately, recover - its political importance as an intermediary between East and West. He was the first to define the role of the Jews on the basis of their economic and social functions, disregarding the classic categorisation of Judaism's alleged privileged religious status in world history. Nonetheless, going beyond the socio-economic arguments of the book, it is essential to point out Luzzatto's resort to sceptical strategies in order to plead in defence of the Venetian Jews. It is precisely his philosophical and political scepticism that makes Luzzatto's texts so unique. This edition aims to grant access to his works and thought to

English-speaking readers and scholars. By approaching his texts from this point of view, the editors hope to open a new path in research into Jewish culture and philosophy that will enable other scholars to develop new directions and new perspectives, stressing the interpenetration between Jews and the surrounding Christian and secular cultures.

The Second Slavery - Javier Lavina 2014

"Slavery throughout the capitalist world-economy expands. The old zones in one way or another reach their limits and the new zones break through: to become part of the new division of labor (in the 19th century). In that sense The Second Slavery would encompass both decline and renewal of slaveries. I never intended the idea to apply just to Cuba, Brazil, and the cotton South as some people seem to take it. For me it is a concept of world economy and Cuba, Brazil, and the South are the obvious examples of those zones that break through. They permit us to think about slavery in a more dynamic way, but there is much more work to be done. From this perspective I would be more inclined to include Reunion, Mauritius and some parts of India, Ceylon and Java as well as British Guiana, than the older French and British Caribbean islands." -- contributor Dale Tomich, Binghamton U., New York *** The Second Slavery includes the following essays: African Slaves and the Atlantic: A Cultural Overview * The End of the British Atlantic Slave Trade or the Beginning of the Big Slave Robbery, 1808-1850 * Peasant or Proletarian: Emancipation and the Struggle for Freedom in British Guiana in the Shadow of the Second Slavery * The End of the "Second Slavery" in the Confederate South and the "Great Brigandage" in Southern Italy: A Comparative Study * Puerto Rico: "Atlantización" and Culture during the "Segunda Esclavitud" * The Second Slavery: Modernity, Mobility, and Identity of Captives in Nineteenth-Century Cuba and the Atlantic World * Commodity Frontiers, Conjuncture and Crisis: The Remaking of the Caribbean Sugar Industry, 1783-1866 * The Aftermath of Abolition: Distortions of the Historical Record in Machado de Assis' Counselor Aires' Memorial * The Second Slavery: Modernity in the 19th-Century South and the Atlantic World. (Series: Slavery and Postemancipation / Sklaverei und Postemanzipation / Esclavitud y Postemancipación - Vol. 6)

Land Grabbing in Africa - Fassil Demissie 2017-10-02

The sign that 'Africa is on Sale' has been appearing with regular frequency in major newspaper accounts across the world, indicating that large amounts/expanses of Africa's rich farmlands are being sold to transnational investors, usually on long-term leases, at a rate not seen in decades - indeed not since the colonial period. Transnational and national economic actors from various business sectors (oil and auto, mining and forestry, food and chemical, bioenergy, etc.) are eagerly acquiring, or declaring their intention to acquire large areas of land on which to build, maintain or extend large-scale extractive and agro-industrial enterprises to help secure their own food and energy needs into the future. This book provides a critical appraisal of the growing phenomenon of land grabbing in Africa. Far from being a technical issue associated "good governance", the problem of land grabbing by transnational corporation and states is a serious threat for the food security of millions of Africans and is undoubtedly one of the great challenges of our time for development on the continent. The case studies illustrate that African states are also complicit in the massive land grabbing by actively participating in isolated development while excluding the local communities. The case studies reveal key features that characterize how the global land grab plays out in specific localities in Africa. This book was published as a special issue of African Identities. *The 1998-2000 Eritrea-Ethiopia War and Its Aftermath in International Legal Perspective* - Andrea de Guttry 2021-04-01

This book centres on the war that raged between Eritrea and Ethiopia from 1998 to 2000, a war that caused great loss of life and tremendous devastation. It analyses the war in great detail from an international legal perspective: the nature and the state of the boundary conflict preceding the actual armed conflict, the military actions themselves, the role of the UN peace-keeping mission, the responsibility for the multitude of explosive remnants of the war left behind. Ample attention is paid to the decisions of the Eritrea-Ethiopia Claims Commission and the Eritrea-Ethiopia Boundary Commission. This study is not limited to the war and the period immediately following it, it also examines its more extended aftermath prolonging the analysis as far as the more recent improvement in the relations between Eritrea and Ethiopia, away from a situation of 'no war, no peace' that prevailed after the armed conflict ended. The analysis of the war and its aftermath is not only in terms of international legal issues, it has been placed in a wider than strictly legal perspective. The book is a valuable work for academics and practitioners

in international law, human rights and humanitarian law in particular, for political scientists, diplomats, civil servants, historians, and all those others seriously interested in the Horn of Africa. Andrea de Guttry is Full Professor of Public International Law at the Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna in Pisa, Italy. Harry H.G. Post is Adjunct Professor in the Faculté Libre de Droit of the Université Catholique de Lille in Lille, France. Gabriella Venturini is Professor Emerita in the Dipartimento di Studi internazionali, giuridici e storico-politici of the Università degli Studi di Milano in Milan, Italy.

Biography of an Industrial Town - Alessandro Portelli 2017-09-27

A pioneering work in oral history, this book tells the story of the rise and fall of the industrial revolution and the apogee and crisis of the labor movement through an oral history of Terni, a steel town in Central Italy and the seat of the first large industrial enterprise in Italy. This story is told through a combination of stories, songs, myths and memories from over 200 voices of five generations, woven with a wealth of archival material.

In the Eye of the Storm - Basil Davidson 1972

Knowledges Born in the Struggle - Boaventura de Sousa Santos 2019-10-17

In a world overwhelmingly unjust and seemingly deprived of alternatives, this book claims that the alternatives can be found among us. These alternatives are, however, discredited or made invisible by the dominant ways of knowing. Rather than alternatives, therefore, we need an alternative way of thinking of alternatives. Such an alternative way of thinking lies in the knowledges born in the struggles against capitalism, colonialism, and patriarchy, the three main forms of modern domination. In their immense diversity, such ways of knowing constitute the Global South as an epistemic subject. The epistemologies of the South are guided by the idea that another world is possible and urgently needed; they emerge both in the geographical north and in the geographical south whenever collectives of people fight against modern domination. Learning from and with the epistemic South suggests that the alternative to a general theory is the promotion of an ecology of knowledges based on intercultural and interpolitical translation.

Land and Power - Bertram Zagema 2011

Unknown Empire - Dean W. Arnold 2020-07

Italy and the Military - Mattia Roveri 2020-12-22

This book sheds new light on the role of the military in Italian society and culture during war and peacetime by bringing together a whole host of contributors across the interdisciplinary spectrum of Italian Studies. Divided into five thematic units, this volume examines the continuous and multifaceted impact of the military on modern and contemporary Italy. The Italian context offers a particularly fertile ground for studying the cultural impact of the military because the institution was used not only for defensive/offensive purposes, but also to unify the country and to spread ideas of socio-cultural and technological development across its diverse population.

Africa's Land Rush - Ruth Hall 2015

Interrogates the narratives of land grabbing and agricultural investment through detailed local studies that illuminate how these are experienced on the ground and the implications for Africa's land and agricultural economy.

The African Slave Trade from the Fifteenth to the Nineteenth Century - Unesco 1985

China Safari - Serge Michel 2010-08-24

Describes the growing economic relationship between China and developing African nations, claiming that the nation's lack of colonial past and political preconditions provides China a unique opportunity to help Africa direct its own fate.

Italian Science Fiction - Simone Brioni 2019-07-18

This book explores Italian science fiction from 1861, the year of Italy's unification, to the present day, focusing on how this genre helped shape notions of Otherness and Normalness. In particular, Italian Science Fiction draws upon critical race studies, postcolonial theory, and feminist studies to explore how migration, colonialism, multiculturalism, and racism have been represented in genre film and literature. Topics include the role of science fiction in constructing a national identity; the representation and self-representation of "alien" immigrants in Italy; the creation of internal "Others," such as southerners and Roma; the intersections of gender and race discrimination; and Italian science

fiction's transnational dialogue with foreign science fiction. This book reveals that though it is arguably a minor genre in Italy, science fiction offers an innovative interpretive angle for rethinking Italian history and imagining future change in Italian society.

Moorings - Josiah Blackmore 2009-01-01

Delving into the Portuguese imperial experience, 'Moorings' enriches our understanding of historical and literary imagination during a significant period of Western expansion.

Guerra d'Africa. Land grabbing - Michele Di Salvo 2016

Fascism in Italian Cinema since 1945 - G. Lichtner 2013-05-29

From neorealism's resolve to Berlusconi revisionist melodramas, this book examines cinema's role in constructing memories of Fascist Italy. Italian cinema has both reflected and shaped popular perceptions of Fascism, reinforcing or challenging stereotypes, remembering selectively and silently forgetting the most shameful pages of Italy's history.

Gender and Memory - Luisa Passerini 2017-07-12

Gender and Memory brings together contributions from around the world and from a range of disciplines--history and sociology, socio-linguistics and family therapy, literature--to create a volume that confronts all those concerned with autobiographical testimony and narrative, both spoken and written. The fundamental theme is the shaping of memory by gender. This paperback edition includes a new introduction by Selma Leydesdorff, coeditor of the Memory and Narrative series of which this volume is a part. Are the different ways in which men and women are recalled in public and private memory and the differences in men's and women's own memories of similar experiences, simply reflections of unequal lives in gendered societies, or are they more deeply rooted? The sharply differentiated life experiences of men and women in most human societies, the widespread tendencies for men to dominate in the public sphere and for women's lives to focus on family and household, suggest that these experiences may be reflected in different qualities of memory. The contributors maintain that memories are gendered, and that the gendering of memory makes a strong impact on the shaping of social spaces and expressive forms as the horizons of memory move from one generation to the next. They argue that in order to understand how memory becomes gendered, we need to travel through the realms of gendered experience and gendered language.

The Process of International Legal Reproduction - Rose Parfitt 2019-01-17

That all states are free and equal under international law is axiomatic to the discipline. Yet even a brief look at the dynamics of the international order calls that axiom into question. Mobilising fresh archival research and drawing on a tradition of unorthodox Marxist and anti-colonial scholarship, Rose Parfitt develops a new 'modular' legal historiography to make sense of the paradoxical relationship between sovereign equality and inequality. Juxtaposing a series of seemingly unrelated histories against one another, including a radical re-examination of the canonical story of Fascist Italy's invasion of Ethiopia, Parfitt exposes the conditional nature of the process through which international law creates and disciplines new states and their subjects. The result is a powerful critique of international law's role in establishing and perpetuating inequalities of wealth, power and pleasure, accompanied by a call to attend more closely to the strategies of resistance that are generated in that process.

70 Years of Fao (1945-2015) - Food and Agriculture Organization

(Fao) 2015-10-27

This publication marks the 70th anniversary of the founding of FAO as a United Nations Agency for Food and Agriculture. This book tells the story of these seven decades of the history of FAO, its protagonists and their endeavours. This is the history in seven decades of an organisation born with one goal: to free humanity of hunger.

Italian Colonialism - R. Ben-Ghiat 2016-04-30

Italian Colonialism is a pioneering anthology of texts by scholars from seven countries who represent the best of classical and newer approaches to the study of Italian colonization. Essays on the political, economic, and military aspects of Italian colonialism are featured alongside works that reflect the insights of anthropology, race and gender studies, film, architecture, and oral and cultural history. The volume includes many essays by Italian and African scholars that have never been translated into English. It is a unique resource that offers students and scholars a comprehensive view of the field.

Africa - Enzo Lombardo 2020-11-12T00:00:00+01:00

La storia dell'Africa è un grande tabù: durante il periodo della colonizzazione, le nazioni europee si sono macchiate di crimini orrendi che non vogliono ricordare. Anche dopo l'indipendenza, il continente africano è rimasto vittima di un prelievo netto di risorse umane, finanziarie, agricole e minerarie. Per questo motivo l'interesse del dibattito sulle migrazioni è ormai incentrato sulle necessità degli "ospitanti": nessuno si interessa ai problemi dei paesi africani e degli altri luoghi di provenienza. Tutti impegnati a disquisire sulle conseguenze delle migrazioni, nessuno si occupa delle cause. Il presente volume nasce con l'intenzione di colmare questa lacuna. Il tentativo è quello di superare lo sguardo tipicamente eurocentrico di buona parte della storiografia, della sociologia e dell'economia, cercando di far luce sul passato e sul presente, provando a comprendere quali siano i problemi che l'Africa non è riuscita a risolvere.

The World Turned Inside Out - Lorenzo Veracini 2021-09-21

A history and theory of settler colonialism and social control Many would rather change worlds than change the world. The settlement of communities in 'empty lands' somewhere else has often been proposed as a solution to growing contradictions. While the lands were never empty, sometimes these communities failed miserably, and sometimes they prospered and grew until they became entire countries. Building on a growing body of transnational and interdisciplinary research on the political imaginaries of settler colonialism as a specific mode of domination, this book uncovers and critiques an autonomous, influential, and coherent political tradition - a tradition still relevant today. It follows the ideas and the projects (and the failures) of those who left or planned to leave growing and chaotic cities and challenging and confusing new economic circumstances, those who wanted to protect endangered nationalities, and those who intended to pre-empt forthcoming revolutions of all sorts, including civil and social wars. They displaced, and moved to other islands and continents, beyond the settled regions, to rural districts and to secluded suburbs, to communes and intentional communities, and to cyberspace. This book outlines the global history of a resilient political idea: to seek change somewhere else as an alternative to embracing (or resisting) transformation where one is.

The Life History of Raúl Honwana - Raúl Bernardo Manuel Honwana 1988

This autobiography of Raúl Honwana has significance in that his life span mirrored that of the transition from colonialism to independence for Mozambique.